

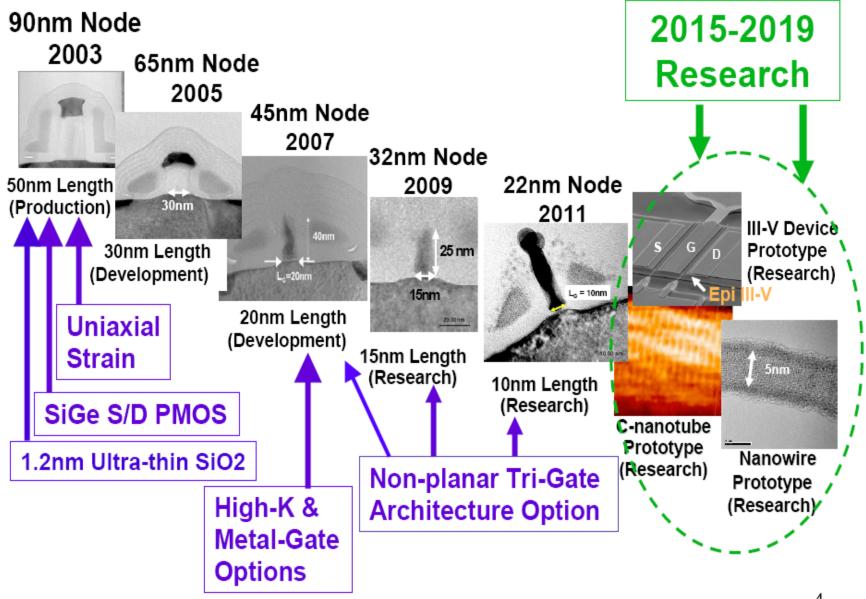
Research-oriented course

Learning by reading research articles

- Identify key facts from articles
- Use commencial simulation tool to identify transistor benefits in circuit
- Writing short research article



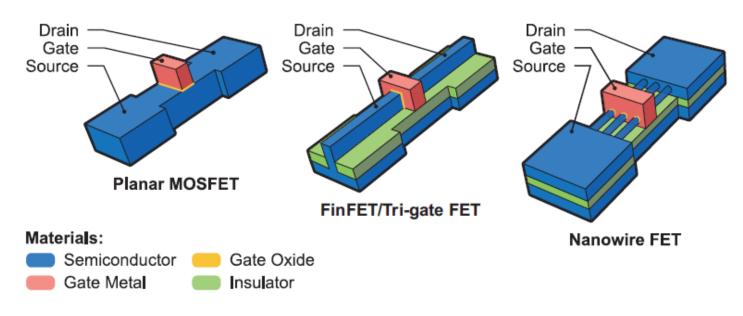
Transistor Scaling and Research Roadmap



Robert Chau, Intel, ICSICT 2004



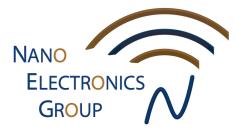
Nanowires are a natural extension of the transistor evolution



Riel et al, MRS Bulletin 2014

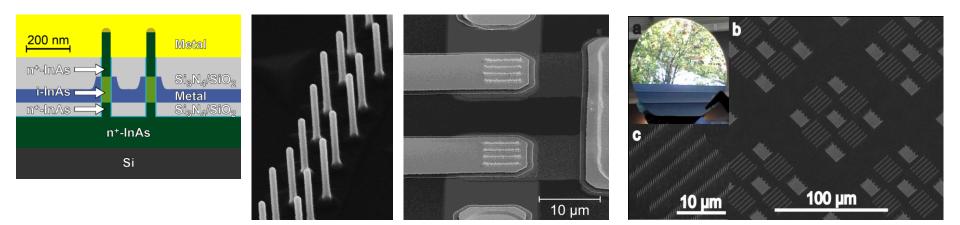
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Why III-V Nanowires

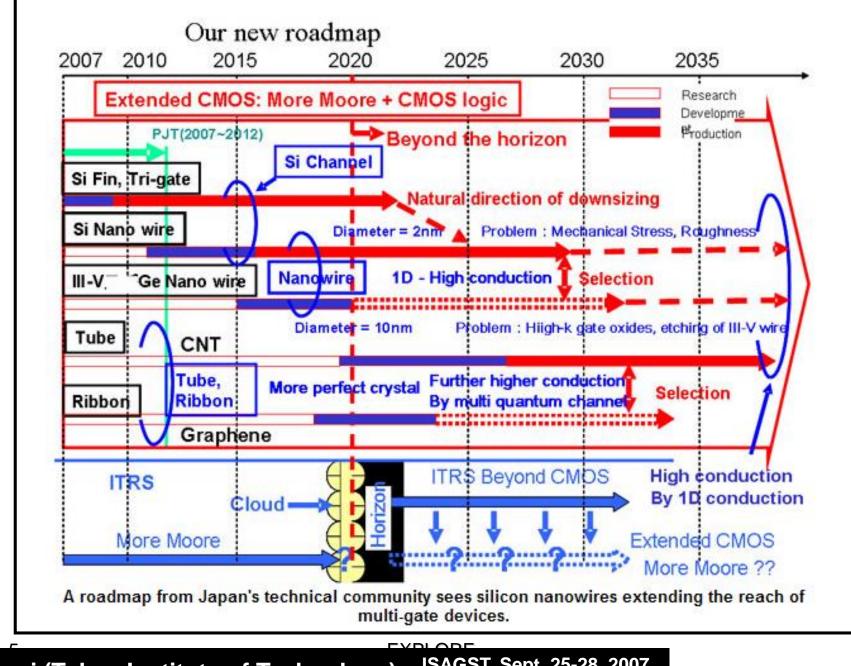


Why III-V Nanowires?

- Advantageous transport
- Wrap-gate geometry
- Band gap engineering
- Small nanowire footprint
- \rightarrow high transconduc. and I_{on}
 - \rightarrow low output conduc. and DIBL
 - \rightarrow increased breakdown, reduced I_{off}
 - \rightarrow reduced defect propagation probability



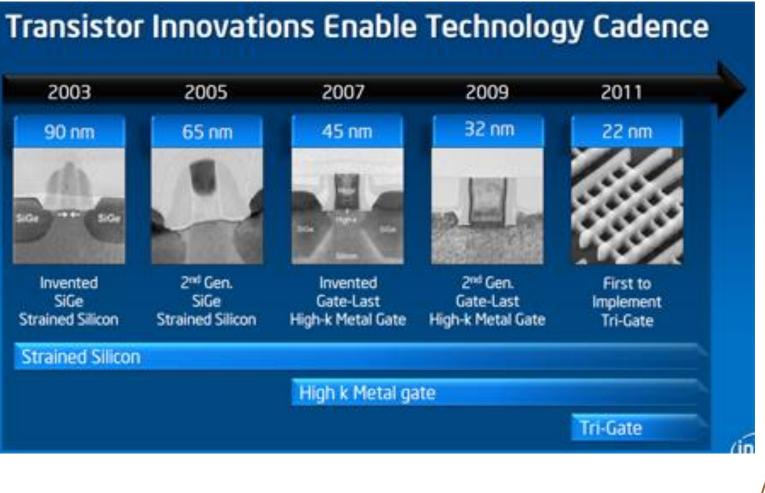




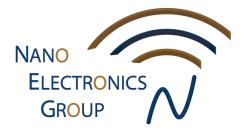
H. Iwai (Tokyo Institute of Technology),

ISAGST, Sept. 25-28, 2007 Dallas, Texas, USA

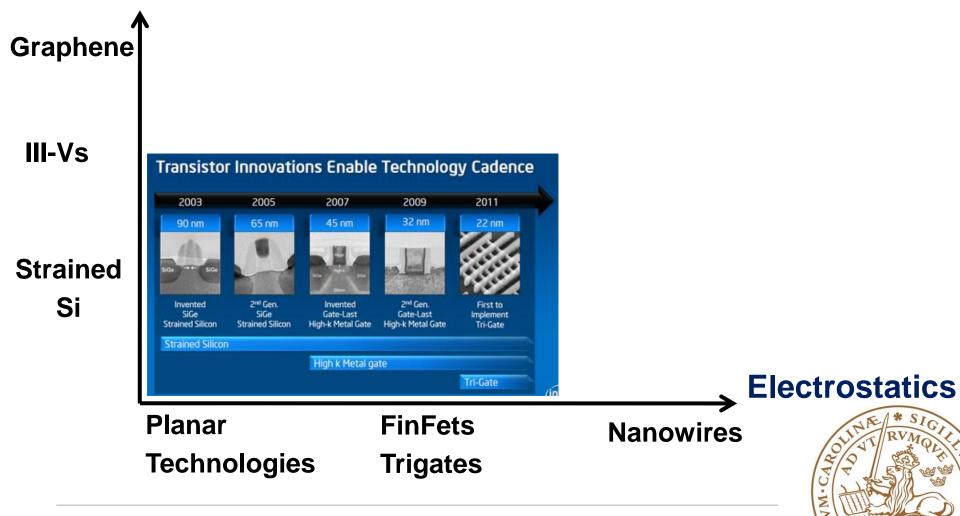


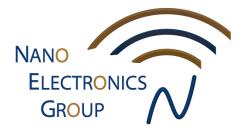




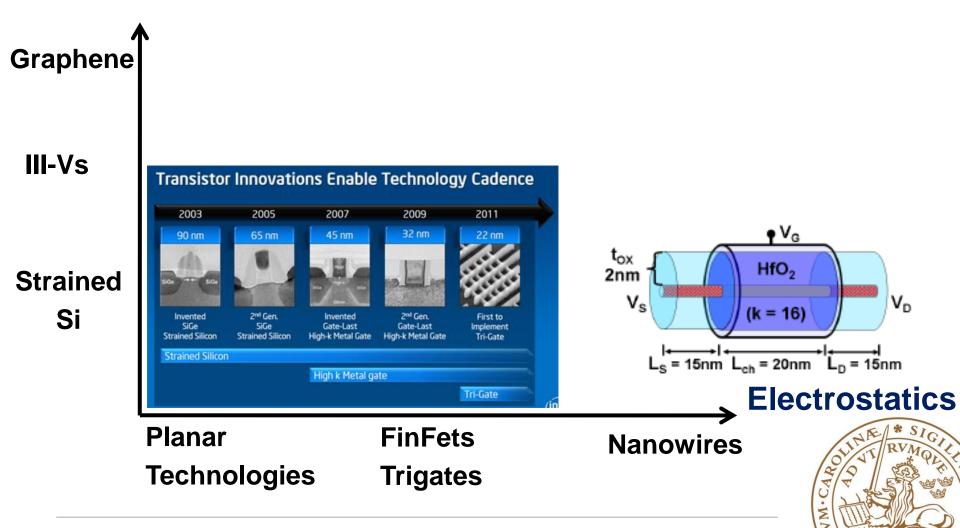


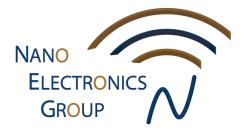
Transport Enhancement



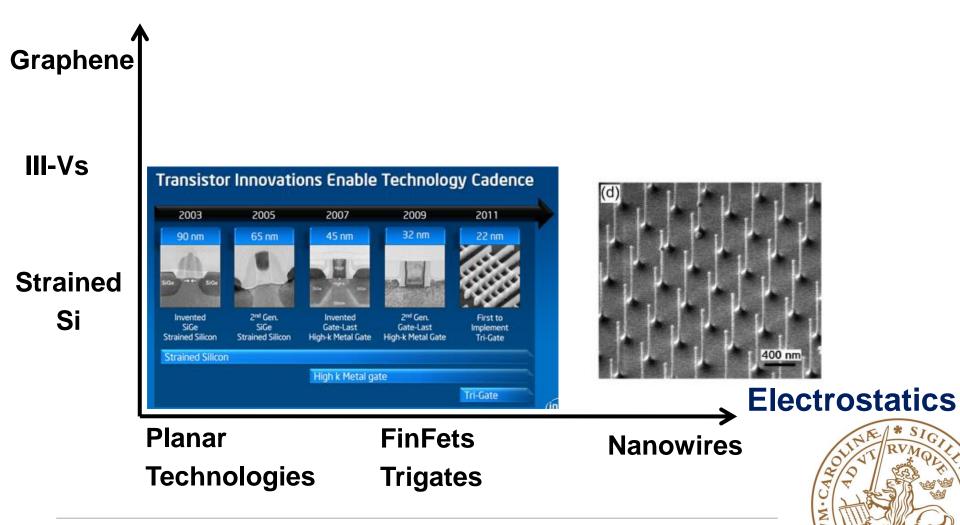


Transport Enhancement



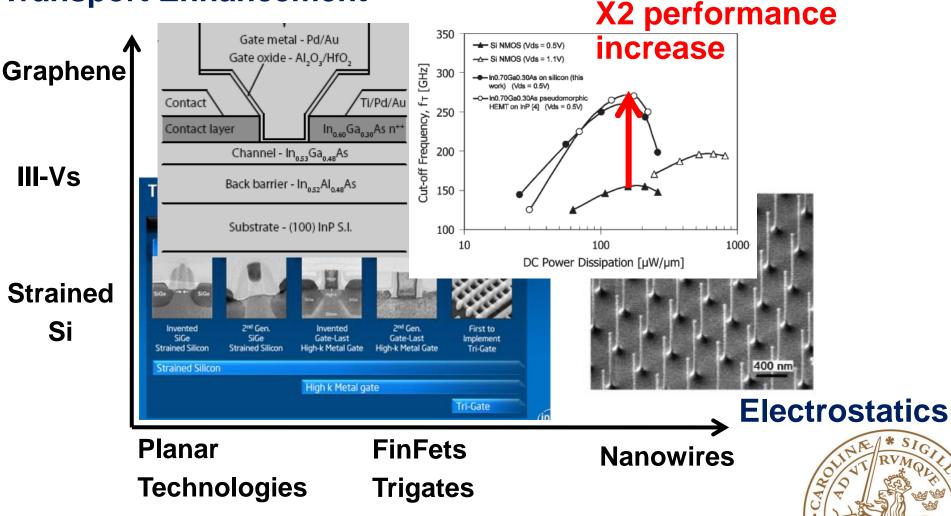


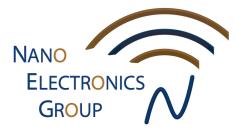
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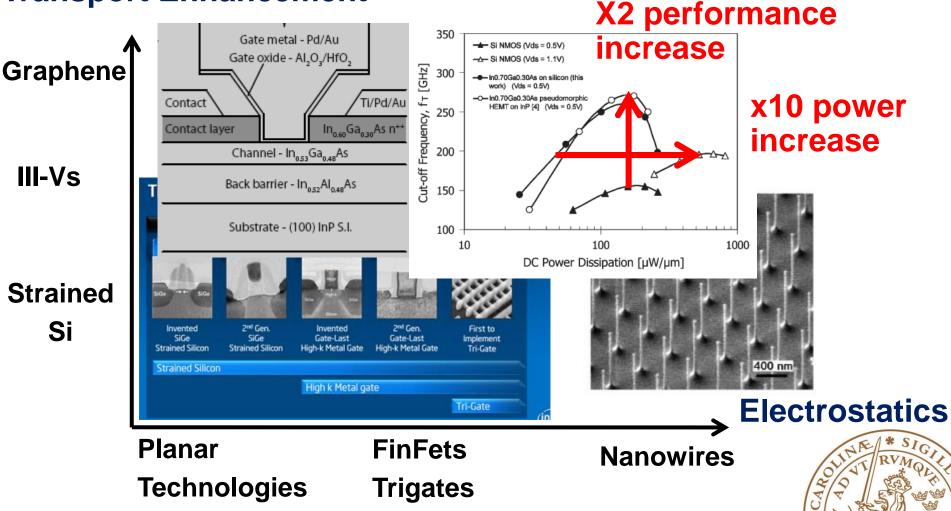


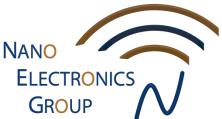
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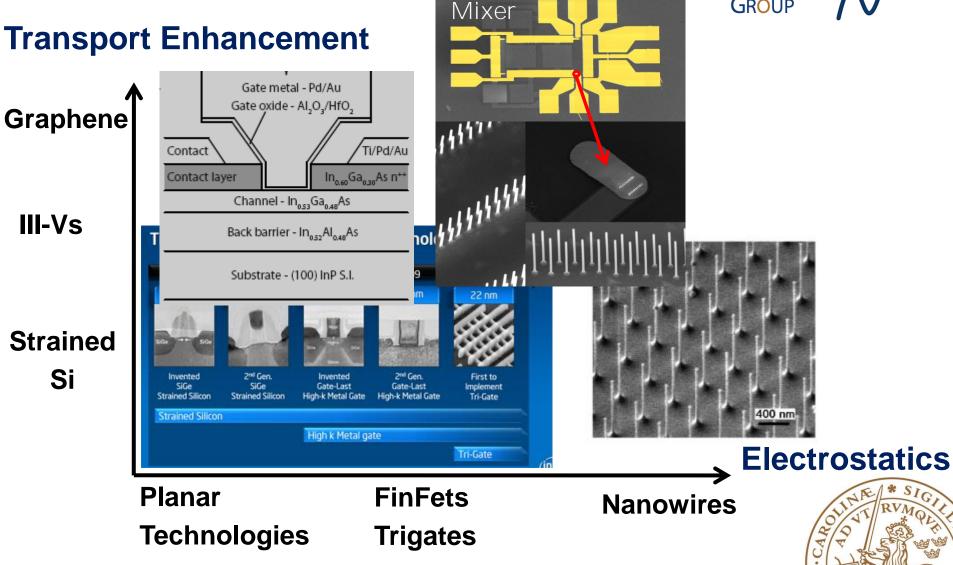


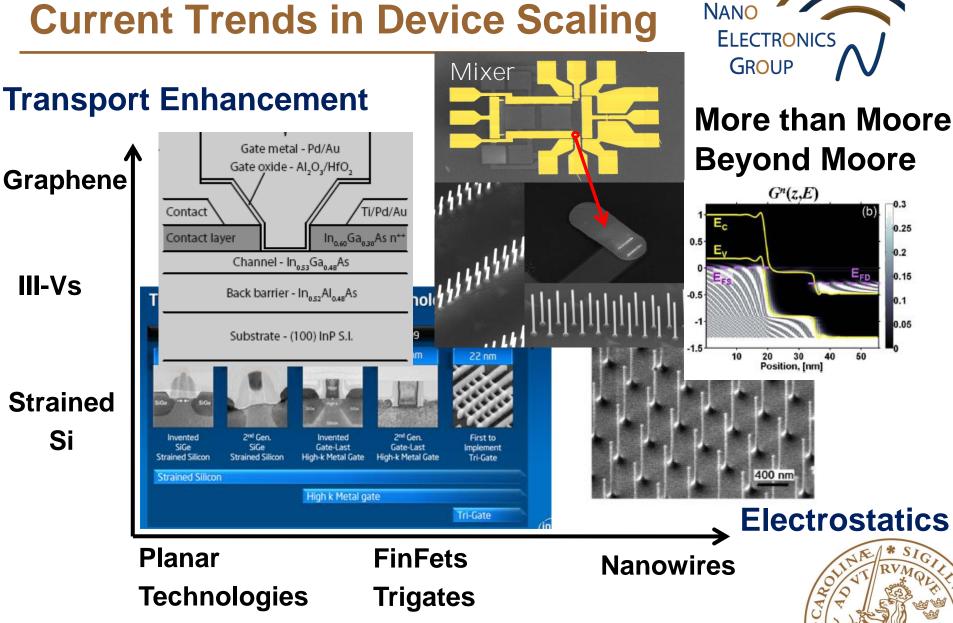


Transport Enhancement









What will you learn in this course?

How small transistors can we make?

How do we compare data for different transistors?

What are good numbers for a transistor?

What is the relation between the physics, the technology and the performance?

What are the ultimate limits in terms of power consumption?

What are the benefits of nanotechnology?

How can we implement high-speed circuits?