## Simulation Course: Lab Exercise 2

## Solving Linear and Integer Programming Problems

#### **Exercise 1: Product Mix Problem**

Maximize $13x_1 + 11x_2$ (Primal Problem)Subject to : $4x_1 + 5x_2 \le 1500$  (Storage cosntraint) $5x_1 + 3x_2 \le 1575$  (Raw material constraint) $x_1 + 2x_2 \le 420$  (Production time constraint) $x_1 \ge 0, x_2 \ge 0$ 

*Minimize*  $1500y_1 + 1575y_2 + 420y_3$  (Dual Problem) Subject to :

$$4y_{1} + 5y_{2} + 1y_{3} \ge 13 \quad (D1)$$
  

$$5y_{1} + 3y_{2} + 2y_{3} \ge 11 \quad (D2)$$
  

$$y_{1} \ge 0, \ y_{2} \ge, \ y_{3} \ge 0$$

- I. Implement two linear programs in MATAB for the primal and dual problems, obtain the optimal solutions for the two problems, and compare them.
- II. Implement a sensitivity analysis on the primal problem with respect to the second constraint (i.e. raw material constraint). Run your analysis and answer the following questions:
  - a. What is the shadow price of the raw material?
  - b. Increase the capacity of raw materials by a step size of 15, starting from the initial point 1575 and ending at 1725. Thus, we will have 11 data points as follows:
    1575 1590 1605 1620 1635 1650 1665 1680 1695 1710 1725

Run your linear program with each data point as the new capacity of raw materials, then record the value of the objective function for each data point, and plot a line diagram showing the relation between the data points and the objective value.

c. In your sketched diagram, at which data point(s) does the slope change? What is the slope of each line segment? How does the slope relate to shadow price?

## **Exercise 2: Staff Scheduling Problem**

# *Minimize* $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 + x_5 + x_6 + x_7$ Subject to :

$\mathbf{X}_{1}$	$+ x_4 + x_5 + x_6$	$+\mathbf{x}_{7} \ge 8$	(C1)
$x_{1} + x_{2}$	$+ x_{5} + x_{6}$	$+\mathbf{x}_{7} \ge 6$	(C2)
$x_1 + x_2 + x_3$	+ x <sub>6</sub>	$+\mathbf{x}_{7} \ge 5$	(C3)
$x_1 + x_2 + x_3$	$+ \mathbf{x}_4$	$+ x_7 \ge 4$	(C4)
$x_1 + x_2 + x_3$	$+ x_4 + x_5$	$\geq 6$	(C5)
$x_{2} + x_{3}$	$+ \mathbf{X}_4 + \mathbf{X}_5 + \mathbf{X}_6$	$\geq 7$	(C6)
X <sub>3</sub>	$+ \mathbf{X}_4 + \mathbf{X}_5 + \mathbf{X}_6$	$+x_7 \ge 9$	(C7)
	$x_i \in Z^+, i = 1, 2$	,7	

- I. Implement an integer program, solve the program, and obtain the optimal solution.
- II. Relax the program to real-valued positive variables. Then modify your code to implement a linear program for this relaxed problem. Run your code, obtain the optimal solution, and compare it with the solution of the integer program in part (I). Which solution is better? Which solution is feasible? Can you propose a general relation between the solutions of the integer and the relaxed problems?