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# Chapter 1: History

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OVE EDFORS

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# Learning outcomes

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## Understand

- which important mechanisms and trends lead to telecom innovations,
- why digital information systems often are preferable over analog ones,
- different types of information characteristics, and
- what is happening (on a high level) in standardization of 5G.

# Hallmarks of telecom innovations

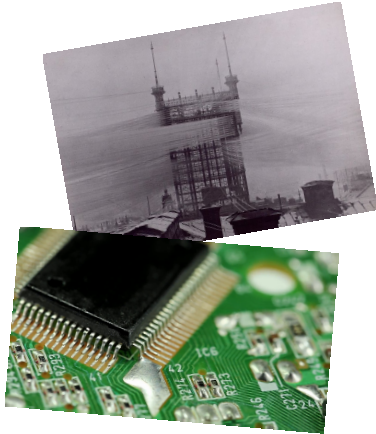
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- Usually come out of **several places**
- A full **usable system** must be proposed
- A system must be **financed**
- Must provide a **new major service** ("Killer app")
- Usually based on **old science**
- Inventors are **problem solvers**, not scientists
- Social effects fully felt only **after 50 years**
- Often **monopolies**, force **standardization**

# Technology trends leading to telecom

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- Electrical signaling (wires, radio, fiber)
- Microcircuits
- Software
- Scientific understanding (Maxwell, Nyquist, Shannon, et al.)



```
for (k=0;k<N,k++) {  
    /* Do something */  
}
```

# Why going digital?

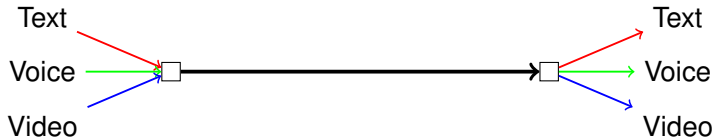
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- Inexpensive hardware
  - Moore's law:  $\text{Cost} = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}\text{years}}$
  - VLSI technology (also for analog circuits)
- New services possible
  - E-banking, email, web, travel booking, distributed lifestyle
- Control of quality
  - When there is a chain of steps  $\rightarrow$  Digital better
  - Quality set by number of bits (bit rate)

# Why going digital?

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- Flexible transport/switching
  - Same format for all
  - Easier, no quality loss



- Interference rejection
  - A lot of interference in wireless communications, e.g., mobile telephony
- Security
  - Much easier in the digital domain

# Characteristics of information

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- The communication medium
  - Radio (i.e., no medium), electric current, write on paper, smoke
- Delay
  - Letters – days
  - Email – seconds
  - Live radio – milli-seconds
- Quality
  - CD → telephone → military radio
- Measures
  - Nr. of symbols
  - Meaning (of text, of emotions)
  - Shannon: entropy
- Form
  - Symbols (text, programs, ...)
  - Analog waveforms (voice, video)
  - Feelings

# Well known examples

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|                        | <b>Telegraph</b>                                   |
|------------------------|--|
| <b>Inventor/where</b>  | Morse, USA, 1844                                   |
| <b>Full system</b>     | Key, code, wire lines                              |
| <b>How financed?</b>   | Line-by-line growth                                |
| <b>Killer app</b>      | Short business messages                            |
| <b>Science base</b>    | None   |
| <b>Inventor's idea</b> | Magnetism "at a distance"                          |
| <b>Social effects</b>  | Wider idea of nation & business, military tactics, |
| <b>Monopoly?</b>       | US: Western Union, PTT                             |



# Well known examples

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|                        | <b>Telegraph</b>                                   | <b>Telephone</b>                       |
|------------------------|--|--|
| <b>Inventor/where</b>  | Morse, USA, 1844                                   | Bell, Canada/USA, 1876                 |
| <b>Full system</b>     | Key, code, wire lines                              | Telegraph + switching, mic, earphone   |
| <b>How financed?</b>   | Line-by-line growth                                | Switch-by-switch growth                |
| <b>Killer app</b>      | Short business messages                            | ... same (but personal)                |
| <b>Science base</b>    | None   | None at first, 1915: tube, 1985: fiber |
| <b>Inventor's idea</b> | Magnetism "at a distance"                          | Switching: automation                  |
| <b>Social effects</b>  | Wider idea of nation & business, military tactics, | ... same + instant & friendly          |
| <b>Monopoly?</b>       | US: Western Union, PTT                             | US: AT&T, SE: Televerket PTT           |

# Well known examples

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|                        | <b>Telegraph</b>                                   | <b>Telephone</b>                       | <b>Radio</b>                            |
|------------------------|--|--|---|
| <b>Inventor/where</b>  | Morse, USA, 1844                                   | Bell, Canada/USA, 1876                 | Marconi, Italy/England, 1895            |
| <b>Full system</b>     | Key, code, wire lines                              | Telegraph + switching, mic, earphone   | Telegraph + spark transm., receiver     |
| <b>How financed?</b>   | Line-by-line growth                                | Switch-by-switch growth                | None, set by growth                     |
| <b>Killer app</b>      | Short business messages                            | ... same (but personal)                | ... same (but-ship-to ship)             |
| <b>Science base</b>    | None   | None at first, 1915: tube, 1985: fiber | None at first, 1920: tube circuit ideas |
| <b>Inventor's idea</b> | Magnetism "at a distance"                          | Switching: automation                  | Wireless telegraph                      |
| <b>Social effects</b>  | Wider idea of nation & business, military tactics, | ... same + instant & friendly          | ... same + instant & friendly           |
| <b>Monopoly?</b>       | US: Western Union, PTT                             | US: AT&T, SE: Televerket PTT           | US: AT&T, SE: Televerket PTT            |

# Well known examples

|                        | <b>Telegraph</b>                                   | <b>Telephone</b>                       | <b>Radio</b>                            | <b>TV</b>                         |
|------------------------|--|--|---|-----------------------------------|
| <b>Inventor/where</b>  | Morse, USA, 1844                                   | Bell, Canada/USA, 1876                 | Marconi, Italy/England, 1895            | Many (extend radio)               |
| <b>Full system</b>     | Key, code, wire lines                              | Telegraph + switching, mic, earphone   | Telegraph + spark transm., receiver     | CRT, camera, high freq. networks  |
| <b>How financed?</b>   | Line-by-line growth                                | Switch-by-switch growth                | None, set by growth                     | None, set by growth (government)  |
| <b>Killer app</b>      | Short business messages                            | ... same (but personal)                | ... same (but-ship-to ship)             | Broadcasting                      |
| <b>Science base</b>    | None   | None at first, 1915: tube, 1985: fiber | None at first, 1920: tube circuit ideas | Radio & Circuits                  |
| <b>Inventor's idea</b> | Magnetism "at a distance"                          | Switching: automation                  | Wireless telegraph                      | Radio with pictures               |
| <b>Social effects</b>  | Wider idea of nation & business, military tactics, | ... same + instant & friendly          | ... same + instant & friendly           | Population control, entertainment |
| <b>Monopoly?</b>       | US: Western Union, PTT                             | US: AT&T, SE: Televerket PTT           | US: AT&T, SE: Televerket PTT            | US: private, SE: SR/SVT PTT       |

# Well known examples

|                        | <b>Telegraph</b>                                   | <b>Telephone</b>                       | <b>Radio</b>                            | <b>TV</b>                         | <b>Internet</b>               |
|------------------------|--|--|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <b>Inventor/where</b>  | Morse, USA, 1844                                   | Bell, Canada/USA, 1876                 | Marconi, Italy/England, 1895            | Many (extend radio)               | Many (DARPA)                  |
| <b>Full system</b>     | Key, code, wire lines                              | Telegraph + switching, mic, earphone   | Telegraph + spark transm., receiver     | CRT, camera, high freq. networks  | Rules, packets, PC            |
| <b>How financed?</b>   | Line-by-line growth                                | Switch-by-switch growth                | None, set by growth                     | None, set by growth (government)  | None (use existing phone net) |
| <b>Killer app</b>      | Short business messages                            | ... same (but personal)                | ... same (but-ship-to ship)             | Broadcasting                      | Email & web                   |
| <b>Science base</b>    | None   | None at first, 1915: tube, 1985: fiber | None at first, 1920: tube circuit ideas | Radio & Circuits                  | VLSI                          |
| <b>Inventor's idea</b> | Magnetism "at a distance"                          | Switching: automation                  | Wireless telegraph                      | Radio with pictures               | Rules (TCP/IP), packets       |
| <b>Social effects</b>  | Wider idea of nation & business, military tactics, | ... same + instant & friendly          | ... same + instant & friendly           | Population control, entertainment | ???                           |
| <b>Monopoly?</b>       | US: Western Union, PTT                             | US: AT&T, SE: Televerket PTT           | US: AT&T, SE: Televerket PTT            | US: private, SE: SR/SVT PTT       | Out of control (almost)       |

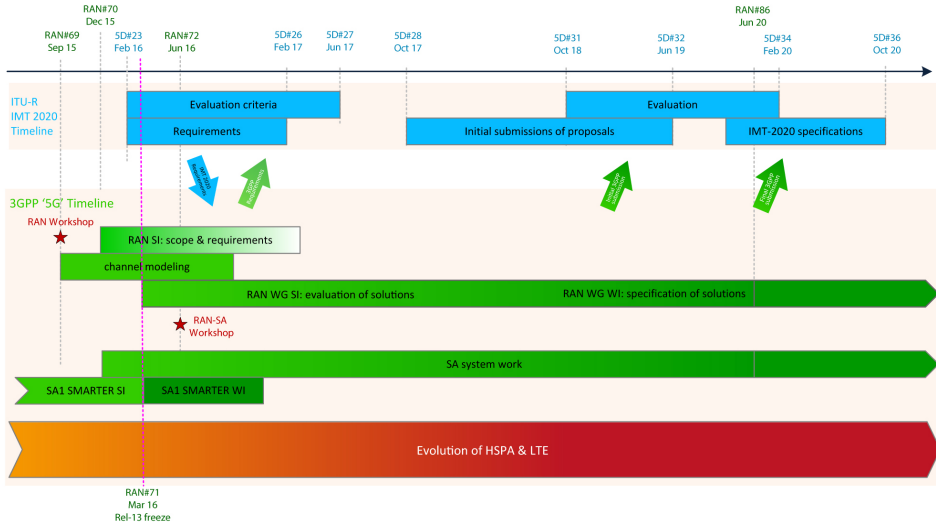
# Today: 5G standardization – what happens?

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International Telecommunication Union (ITU) has defined a timeline for 5G standardization, known as IMT-2020, but they are not the only one driving the work.

- **3GPP**: The 3rd Generation Partnership Project, contributes to the ITU standard, but they are not alone
- **5G Infrastructure Public Private Partnership (5GPPP)**: Industry academia research consortia
- **Next Generation Mobile Networks (NGMN) Alliance**: includes wireless operators like AT&T, U.S. Cellular and Verizon, aims to include operator voices in the 5G discussion,
- **FCC, ARIB, ETSI ...** : Telecom Standards Institutes

# Today: 5G standardization – what happens?



# LECTURE SUMMARY

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- Many things have to be in place for a new innovation to succeed (full system, financed, etc.)
- Trends towards digital: Electrocal signaling, microcircuits, software, . . .
- Why digital? Cost, new functionality, control of quality, flexibility, security, . . .
- Information: Medium, delay, quality, measure, form, . . .
- Today: 5G standardization: What is happening?



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