

### Problems in cryptology, week 3

**Exercise 4.1.** Show that the polynomial  $x^4 + x + 1$  is irreducible over the field  $GF(2)$ .

**Exercise 4.2.** Find  $(0110)^{1/2}$ .  $\pi(\alpha) = \alpha^4 + \alpha + 1$ .

**Exercise 4.3.** Determine the elements in  $GF(3^2)$ .  $\pi(x) = x^2 + x + 2$  is irreducible over  $GF(3)$

**Exercise 4.4.** Give the addition and multiplication tables for

a)  $GF(5)$

b)  $GF(7)$

**Exercise 4.5.** Give the multiplication table for  $GF(2^2)$ ,  $\pi(x) = x^2 + x + 1$ .

**Exercise 4.6.** Show that in all fields of characteristic  $p$  the following equality holds.

$$(x + y)^p = x^p + y^p$$

**Exercise 4.7.** Find  $\gcd(1 + D^7, 1 + D^2 + D^5 + D^6)$  over  $GF(2)$ .

**Exercise 4.8.** The stop-and-go-generator is built using two linear feedback shift registers,  $L_1$  and  $L_2$ . If  $L_2$  outputs 1, then  $L_2$  is clocked and the output bit of  $L_2$  is the new keystream bit. If  $L_1$  outputs 0 then  $L_2$  is not clocked and the new keystream bit is the previous bit from  $L_2$ . As an example, if  $L_1$  produces (101001...) and  $L_2$  produces  $(a_0, a_1, a_2, \dots)$  then the keystream sequence is  $(a_0, a_0, a_1, a_1, a_1, a_2, \dots)$ .

a) Describe a distinguishing attack on the generator.

b) One day, you manage to intercept a transmission that you know have been encrypted using the stop-and-go-generator. The intercepted bitstream is

$$C = (1001\ 1101\ 0110\ 1001\ 0001\ 0010\ 1110\ 0101).$$

You know that the intercepted bitstream is the encryption of one of the messages  $m_1$ ,  $m_2$  or  $m_3$ . Determine which message was encrypted.

$m_1$  : (1110 1000 1011 1111 1101 0001 0111 1100)

$m_2$  : (1101 1010 1100 0101 1001 1101 1011 1111)

$m_3$  : (1010 1100 1001 0110 1000 0101 0010 0101)

**Exercise 4.9.** Determine the sequence corresponding to each of the following  $D$ -transforms

a)  $\frac{1}{D^{-1}+2}$  in  $GF(3)$

b)  $\frac{D^{-1}}{D^{-1}+2}$  in  $GF(3)$

c)  $\frac{1}{D^{-2}+D^{-1}+1}$  in  $GF(2)$

**Exercise 4.10.** Determine the period for each of the following polynomials

a)  $1 + D + D^2 + D^3 + D^4$  in  $GF(2)$

b)  $1 + D + D^2 + D^4$  in  $GF(2)$

c)  $1 + D^3 + D^6$  in  $GF(2)$

d)  $1 + 3D^2$  in  $GF(5)$

e)  $1 + 3D + 3D^2$  in  $GF(5)$

**Exercise 4.11.** Determine the cycle set for each of the following connection polynomials

a)  $1 + D^2 + D^4$  in  $GF(2)$

b)  $1 + D^4$  in  $GF(2)$

c)  $1 - D - 2D^2$  in  $GF(3)$

d)  $1 - 2D - D^2$  in  $GF(3)$

e)  $1 - D - D^2$  in  $GF(3)$

**Exercise 4.12.** Determine the cycle set for  $C(D) = 1 - 8D + 2D^2$  in  $GF(13)$ .